

CIRCULAR MOTION.



① a) $\Sigma \vec{F} = ma$

$$\frac{GM_e m_s}{r^2} = \frac{m_s v_s^2}{r}$$

$$v_s = \sqrt{\frac{GM_e}{r}}$$

$$v_s = \sqrt{\frac{GM_e}{(r_e + H)}}$$

$$v_s = 7785$$

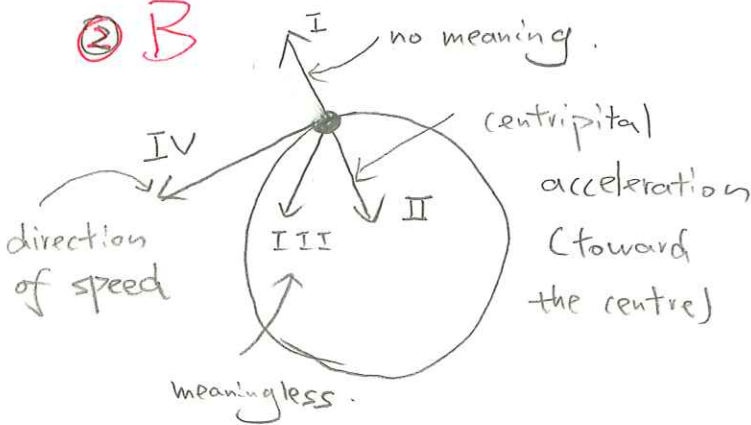
$$v_s = 7.79 \times 10^3 \text{ m/s}$$

b) **Less** than in the lower orbit.

c) Since: $v_s = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{(r_e + H)}}$

$$H \uparrow \Rightarrow v \downarrow$$

② B



④ C

$$\Sigma F = F_g = \frac{GM_s M_e}{d^2} = M_s a$$

$$a = \frac{GM_e}{d^2}$$

$$a = \frac{6.67 \times 10^{-11} \times 1.99 \times 10^{30}}{(1.50 \times 10^{11})^2}$$

$$= 0.005899 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 5.9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m/s}^2$$

⑤ $\Sigma F = ma$

a) $\Sigma F = \frac{m 4\pi^2 r}{T^2}$

$$= \frac{35 \times 4 \times \pi^2 \times 12}{9^2}$$

$$= 204.7 \text{ N}$$

$$\Sigma F = F_g - F_n$$

$$F_n = F_g - \Sigma F$$

$$= 35 \times 9.8 - 204.7$$

$$= 138.3 \text{ N}$$

$$= 1.4 \times 10^2 \text{ N}$$

b) **iii** The same as at the bottom.

$$\therefore a_c = \frac{4\pi^2 r}{T^2}$$

All $4, \pi, r, T$ are constant.

a_c doesn't change.

③ C

$$a_c = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$= \frac{8^2}{5}$$

$$= 12.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 13 \text{ m/s}^2$$

* 6 $E_{K_i} + E_{P_i} = E_{K_f} + E_{P_f}$

$$mgh = \frac{1}{2}mv_f^2$$

$$v_f^2 = 2gh$$

$$v_f^2 = 2 \times (3.1 \text{ m})$$

$$\Sigma \vec{F} = F_g + F_N$$

$$(1.3 \times g_p + 21) = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

$$(1.3 \times g_p + 21) = \frac{1.3 \times 2g(4.5 - 1.4)}{1.4/2}$$

$$1.3g_p + 21 = \frac{2.6 \times 3.1 \times g}{0.7}$$

$$21 = 10.21g_p$$

$$g_p = 2.06 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$g_p = 2.1 \text{ m/s}^2$$

7. A $\Sigma \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$

$$F_N^* + mg = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

For v_{\min} F_N is ZERO.....

$$F_N^0 + mg = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

$$v_c = \sqrt{gr}$$

$$v_c = \sqrt{1.3 \times 9.8}$$

$$v_c = 3.6 \text{ m/s}$$

* F_N is force from bucket on water.

8. C $\Sigma \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$

$$\frac{GMm}{r^2} = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

$$r = \frac{GM}{v^2}$$

$$= 4.15 \times 10^7 \text{ m}$$

$$= 4.2 \times 10^7 \text{ m}$$

9. B $\Sigma \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$

$$\frac{GMm}{r^2} = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{r}}$$

$$\Rightarrow v \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} \Rightarrow v_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} v_1$$

$$v_2 = 5700 \text{ m/s}$$

OR

$$\Sigma \vec{F} = m\vec{a} \Rightarrow \frac{GMm}{r^2} = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow v^2 r = GM$$

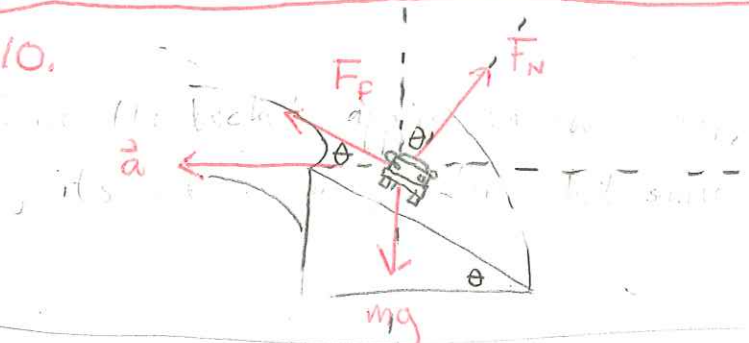
$$v_1^2 r_1 = v_2^2 r_2 = v_2^2 (2r_1)$$

$$v_1^2 r_1 = v_2^2 (2r_1)$$

$$\Rightarrow v_2^2 = \frac{v_1^2}{2} \Rightarrow v_2 = \sqrt{\frac{8000^2}{2}}$$

$$v_2 = \frac{8000 \text{ m/s}}{\sqrt{2}} = 5700 \text{ m/s}$$

10.



No tilt. Need both F_N and F_c to solve, so no advantage to tilting \Rightarrow line up axes with \vec{a} .

$$\Sigma \vec{F}_y = 0$$

$$\Sigma \vec{F}_x = m\vec{a}$$

$$F_N \cos \theta + F_c \sin \theta = mg$$

$$F_N \cos \theta - F_N \sin \theta = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

$$F_N \cos \theta + \mu F_N \sin \theta = mg$$

$$\mu F_N \cos \theta - F_N \sin \theta = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

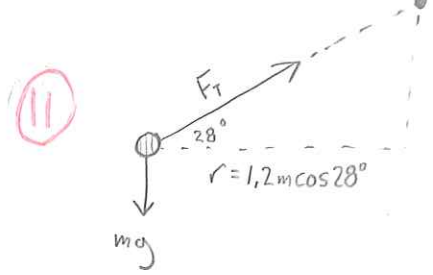
$$F_N = \frac{mg}{(\cos \theta + \mu \sin \theta)}$$

$$F_N (\mu \cos \theta - \sin \theta) = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

$$\frac{mg (\mu \cos \theta - \sin \theta)}{(\cos \theta + \mu \sin \theta)} = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

$$v = 19.736 \dots$$

$$\Rightarrow 2.0 \times 10^4 \text{ m/s}$$



$$\sum \vec{F}_x = m\vec{a}$$

$$F_T \cos 28^\circ = \frac{m 4\pi^2 r}{T^2}$$

$$F_T \cos 28^\circ = \frac{m 4\pi^2 L \cos 28^\circ}{T^2}$$

2 unknowns, m and T .
GO TO \hat{y} !

$$\sum \vec{F}_y = 0$$

$$F_T \sin 28^\circ = mg$$

$$m = \frac{F_T \sin 28^\circ}{g} = 0.766484184 \text{ kg}$$

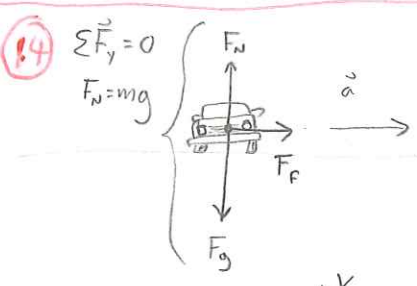
$$T = \sqrt{\frac{m 4\pi^2 (1.2m)}{F_T}} = 1.5 \text{ s}$$



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} F_N \uparrow \\ F_g \downarrow \\ \downarrow \vec{a} \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a} \\ F_g - F_N = \frac{mv^2}{r} \\ r = \frac{mv^2}{F_g - F_N} \end{array}$$

$$r = 80 \text{ m} \Rightarrow 8.0 \times 10 \text{ m}$$

$$a = \frac{v^2}{r} \Rightarrow r = \frac{v^2}{a} = 1763.3 \text{ m} \Rightarrow 1.8 \text{ km}$$



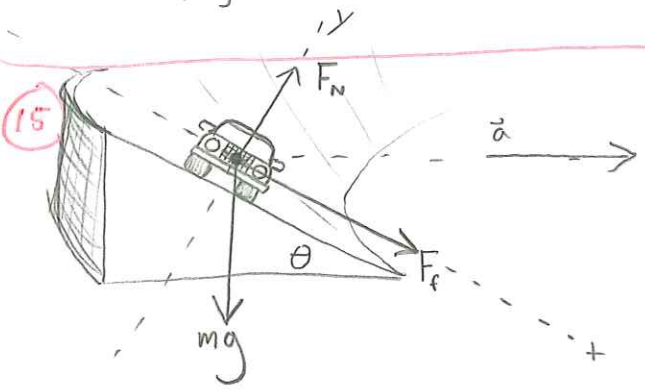
$$\sum \vec{F}_x = ma$$

$$\mu F_N = \frac{mv_{max}^2}{r}$$

$$\mu mg = \frac{mv_{max}^2}{r}$$

$$v_{max} = \sqrt{\mu gr}$$

$$v_{max} = 19.9 \text{ m/s}$$

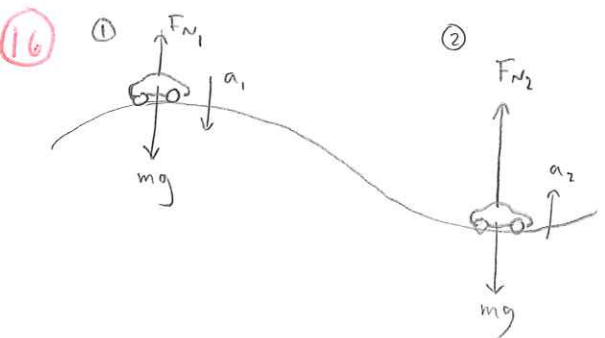


TILT AXES!

$$\sum \vec{F}_x = m\vec{a}_x$$

$$F_f + mg \sin \theta = \frac{mv^2}{r} \cos \theta$$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{r(F_f + mg \sin \theta)}{m \cos \theta}} = 15 \text{ m/s}$$



$$\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$

$$\sum F = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

$$\sum F_1 = \sum F_2$$

$$\textcircled{1} \sum F_1 = mg - F_{N1}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \sum F_2 = F_{N2} - mg$$

$$\sum F_1 = 2000 \text{ N} = \sum F_2$$

$$F_{N2} = \sum F_1 + mg = 13760 \text{ N}$$

$$\vec{F}_{N2} = 14000 \text{ N}$$